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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/553,002	10/11/2005	Yoon-Scok Hur	5413YSH-1	1279
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1560 BROADV			NASH, B	RIAN D
SUITE 1200 DENVER, CO	80202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3721	•
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			10/02/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
è ,	10/553,002	HUR, YOON-SEOK
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Brian Nash	3721
The MAILING DATE of this communicati	on appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address
Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR I WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, b Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNICER 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a titon.  y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI by statute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or</li> <li>2a) This action is FINAL. 2b)</li> <li>3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice u</li> </ul>	☐ This action is non-final.  allowance except for formal mat	•
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction	ithdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 26 December 200 Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	06 is/are: a)  accepted or b) to the drawing(s) be held in abeya correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International in the second of the certified copies of the application from the International in the second of the certified copies of the application from the International in the second of the certified copies of the application from the International in the second of the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the cer	uments have been received. uments have been received in A ne priority documents have beer Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  received in this National Stage
Attachment(e)		
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	948) Paper No	s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application

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Application/Control Number: 10/553,002

Art Unit: 3721

## **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Examiner's Comments

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 7/3/2007 has been entered. The pending claims remain 1-19.
- 2. Applicant's amendments have remedied the rejections made under 112, second paragraph with respect to claim 15; however, new issues of indefiniteness have been raised as discussed below.
- 3. The Examiner further notes US 5,271,543 to Grant et al, specifically figures 1, 6 and 7. Grant et al shows a transition section having a recessed portion wherein a side surface thereof is proximate to a head section cover such that a distance (a radial distance from a central longitudinal axis) from the axis to the recessed portion is less than a distance from the axis to a cylindrical body (70). However, Grant et al do not show the recessed portion to have a detachable cap coupled thereto as does Main et al.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 1 and 15, the terminology "a distance from the axis" is indefinite because it is not clear whether the distance is from a specific point on the axis or if the distance is a perpendicular distance, i.e. "a radial distance" from the axis. It is suggested that applicant amend the claims to define the distance to "a radial distance". The Examiner notes that since the claims have been interpreted in their broadest reasonable interpretation, the distance in question has been examined in lieu of the possibility it is from a

Art Unit: 3721

specific point and therefore the reference to Main et al still anticipates the claimed invention. Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 1-5, 8-9 and 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,533,661 to Main et al. Insofar as the invention is claimed, Main et al shows the same circular stapler.

With respect to claims 1 and 12, a detachable anvil (100), a head section (60) having a head section cover (61), a cylindrical body (70) coupled to the head section, a recessed portion (decreased diameter section formed on the cylindrical body under the head section cover – see Fig. 1) that is capable of receiving an inner portion of an intestine or a circumferential length of tubular tissue.

With respect to claim 2, the head section cover (61) has a circular plate shape (see Fig. 16).

With respect to claims 3-5, a cylindrical blade (69), a staple holder (68) having a plurality of slots (65), a push member (62) with a protruded portion (63), a support positioned under the push member and having a circular plate-shaped top (see Figs. 26-30 wherein Main et al shows an integral circular plate-shaped portion at the base of push member 62). The protruding portion (63) is formed thereon.

With respect to claim 8, the cylindrical body (70) has an arch shape (see Fig. 1).

With respect to claim 9, sections (64,72) are coupled and fixed to the recessed portion formed under the head section cover (61 – see Fig. 16).

With respect to claim 11, a trigger (86) provided at the lower end of the cylindrical body (70).

With respect to claims 13 and 14, the circular surgical stapler of Main et al is certainly capable of performing both end to end tubular anastomosis and end to side anastomosis (see column 1, lines 45-55).

Art Unit: 3721

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 6-7, 10 and 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,533,661 to Main et al. As discussed above, Main et al shows the invention substantially as claimed.

With respect to claim 6, Main et al disclose the anvil shaft to be made of stainless steel, but do not explicitly disclose the other portions of the stapler, specifically the circular plate-shaped top of the support member, to be made of steel. It is well known in the art to use stainless steel when making surgical staplers and would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to configure/modify the circular head of the support member, which is integral to the push member, out of stainless steel, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice.

With respect to claim 7, Main et al disclose the claimed invention except for the head section cover to be set to a length of 15-18 mm. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to configure/modify the head section cover (61) since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

With respect to claim 10, Main et al disclose the claimed invention except for the shaft passing through the head section be set to a diameter of 1.0-1.5 mm. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to configure/modify the shaft passing through the head section (104) since such a

Application/Control Number: 10/553,002

Art Unit: 3721

modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

With respect to claims 15 and 17, Main et al shows a detachable anvil (100), a head section (60) having a head section cover (61), a cylindrical body (70) coupled to the head section, a recessed portion (decreased diameter section formed on the cylindrical body under the head section cover – see Fig. 1) that is capable of receiving an inner portion of an intestine or a circumferential length of tubular tissue; and a cylindrical blade (69), a staple holder (68) having a plurality of slots (65), a push member (62) with a protruded portion (63), a support positioned under the push member and having a circular plate-shaped top (see Figs. 26-30 wherein Main et al shows an integral circular plate-shaped portion at the base of push member 62), the protruding portion (63) is formed thereon. With respect to length of the head section cover being less than about 18mm (see rejection above under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph) it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to configure/modify the head section cover (61) since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

With respect to claim 16, sections (64,72) are coupled and fixed to the recessed portion formed under the head section cover (61 - see Fig. 16).

With respect to claims 18 and 19, the circular surgical stapler of Main et al is certainly capable of performing both end to end tubular anastomosis and end to side anastomosis (see column 1, lines 45-55).

#### Conclusion

- 10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Refer to attachment (PTO-892) for notice of references cited and recommended for consideration based on their disclosure of limitations of the claimed invention.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Nash whose telephone number is 571-272-4465. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Thursday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Application/Control Number: 10/553,002 Page 6

Art Unit: 3721

12. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rinaldi I. Rada can be reached at 571-272-4467. The official fax number for this Group is: 571-273-8300

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained form the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.ustpto.gov">http://pair-direct.ustpto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Brian D. Nash/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3721

9/15/2007